

## VESTAs Rusty Nail Unsustainable Tourism Submission Form

In the VESTAs, bad practice as well as good practice is being highlighted - a *Rusty Nail* award will be given to nominated tourism-related unsustainable and irresponsible stakeholder actions. Examples might be: a piece of unjust government policy, poor governance, inappropriate property or destination development, corporate greed, harmful environmental business services/practices, oppressive and unfair social behaviour, unsustainable use of technology, etc...

In order to submit an example of irresponsible or unsustainable tourism activity to the VESTAs you have to fill in the following information form, then email the form to DestiNet <a href="mailto:vestas@destinet.eu">vestas@destinet.eu</a>, copied to <a href="mailto:gordon.destinet@ecotrans.de">gordon.destinet@ecotrans.de</a>. An example of a Rusty Nail profile can be found at the end of this document for guidance. Please note that the structure of the form allows for a short summary or more detailed description of the issue, therefore allow 20 minutes to 2hrs to fill in the form once you have the information. Please read all the questions first, then fill in the form. It is likely that you will not have all the information to hand, but you should answer all compulsory questions (marked with an \*asterisk).

#### Legal Notice:

When you submit a Rusty nail you should avoid publishing any material which is abusive, vulgar, defamatory, inaccurate, harassing, hateful, threatening, invading of others privacy, or violates any EU or national law.

DestiNet does not accept any responsibility for the content of your information, and you agree to indemnify and hold the Portal and its agents harmless with respect to any legal or financial claim based upon your submission.

# 1. TITLE OF REPORTED IRRESPONSIBLE OR UNSUSTAINABLE ACTIVITY/BUSINESS:\*

**Algarve International Autodrome Development Area** 

2. DATE OF SUBMISSION:\*

10.11.10

3. INFORMATION SUBMITTED BY:\*

**Gordon Sillence** 

4. REPRESENTATIVE OF (IF APPLICABLE):\*

Janela Aberta 21, Sustainable Development Education Centre

5. CONTACT EMAIL:\*

Gordon.sillence@gmail.com

6. Name of Project/Business responsible for the activity:\*

Park Algar

7. Address:\*

Sítio do Escampadinho, Mexilhoeira Grande, 8500- 130 Portimão, Algarve - Portugal

8. LOCATION:\*

37º 13' 19" N 008º 37' 46" W

9. Web address (if applicable):\*

#### http://www.autodromoalgarve.com.pt/

## 10. CONTACT PERSON (IF KNOWN):\*

administrador da Parkalgar Eng. Paulo Pinheiro (paulopinheiro@parkalgar.com)

### 11. SUMMARY:\*

## 11A. NATURE OF UNSUSTAINABLE ACTIVITY (-IES)\* (Please state nature and extent of the problem (s)

The Autrodromo Internacionale do Algarve race track, development park and tourism resort have been built in the buffer zone of a Natura 2000 area, in prime Iberian lynx and Bonelli's eagle habitat, mainly to fulfil the wishes of a small consortium of local business people, rather than through any sustainability land management process. The business has been operating without having implemented key aspects of noise reduction design features, which means the events exceed legal noise limits and can be heard in a 10km radius, depending on wind direction, disturbing an estimated 5000 plus residents in the vicinity. There is a process of green-washing the project going on, with alternative energy investments being used to provide a sustainability cloak to otherwise economically, environmentally and socially irresponsible, elitist construction, leisure and tourism businesses.

# 11B. How does the action/project/activity demonstrate irresponsible and unsustainable management, actions or effects?\*

The initial environmental impact assessment process has been very weak, a characteristic similar to insufficient EIAs found in other tourism projects in Portugal by the EU in 2009.

There has been blatant omission of the infrastructure development required by the preceding environmental impact assessment, namely in the forms of noise reduction design of the track itself, and construction of two 7-10 meter high 500-800 metre long sound wall barriers.

200 million Euros has been invested, 40 million of which has come through national to regional funding channels, promising thousands of jobs and businesses which have not materialised.

From concept to implementation there has a pattern of financial and organisational mismanagement leading to poor building quality and non-completion of key design elements.

The project runs on a temporary license that is issued by one of the partners in the consortium that has promoted the operation, bringing into question the veracity/legality of the entire construction process. Currently the regional and local authority's are passing the responsibility to each other to deflect investigation by a legal team formed by the local NGO ADAP.

The project is now reportedly operating at a 3 million Euro per annum loss and is receiving state support through the local council, thus competing with local schools, hospitals and care services for scarce government money

A 37 hectare business development park and tourism complex centred on a 4.8 km race track makes a large footprint in lynx habitat. Its 4 km plus linking road to the motorway completes the habitat defragmentation infrastructure, which has been put up without any regard to wild life transit.

The noise levels form the track reach and exceed upper levels of legal noise emissions, and can be heard in a 10 km radius, stressing both the local residents and wildlife species in the surrounding area.

The potential for genuine ecotourism in this part of the Algarve hinterland in the 10km noise radius of the track has been severely damaged.

The racetrack business is dependent on irresponsible use of scarce resources, ie oil/petrol, and has a massive carbon footprint. In the post-Copenhagen climate change, these types of business do not contribute to the mosaic of sustainable development.

The development is a frontier for the expansion of the sub-urban sprawl of Portimao, in which valuable arable and ecologically useful land is being urbanized or industrialized. It particular it is paving the way for the development of a regional airport.

The race track is supported by gambling and alcohol interests, and creates a tourism profile related to irresponsible and unsustainable aspects of these types of tourism activities.

The track encourages the culture of speeding, drinking, and gambling in a country which has high road mortality and alcoholism problems.

It continues to displace local people from their traditional land by adding to the Algarve's inflated foreign-owned luxury housing market.

There has been no discussion of planning gain to counter-balance the negative impacts the track is having on residents and wild life.

Stakeholders ran a questionable publicity campaign to get the track built, using sustainability rhetoric to mask the negative implications of the investment.

### 12. DETAILS

# 12A WHO ARE THE OTHER STAKEHOLDERS INVOLVED?\*

Camara Muncipal de Portimao, Camara Municipal de Lagos, Commissao de Coordenacao do Region do Algarve (CCDR), Ministerio de Economia, Instituto de Conservacao de Natureza e Biodiversidade, Turismo de Portugal, Radisson Hotels, Casinos do Algarve, Sagres Beer Company. GALP Energia, Associacao par o Defesa do Ambiente de Portimao, Monchique Natura 2000 Zone, local residents, motor sports tourists. Local businesses plus other local councils.

12B WHAT PART ARE THEY PLAYING? Please provide details of the issue in the table below. Please describe positive and negative Impacts according to different stakeholders relationship to the issue. If negative, please describe potential mitigating actions.

Impact analysis	Qualitative assessment/+-	Quantitative assessment/+-	Alternatives/ Options	Comments
How does the action/project/activity effect socio-economic processes in the local community, alongside other potential economic impacts?	Algar have made a partnership under Turismo doe Portugal's Partnerships for the future ( <a href="http://www.turismocapital.pt/actividade/empresas">http://www.turismocapital.pt/actividade/empresas</a> ). This highlights the short term	of different types (with one, two, three and three "two-story" bedrooms) managed by the Radisson Hotels & Resorts to complement the hotel, integrated within the tourist complex. These actions were predicted to create 2,400 jobs during an		Camara Municipal de Portimao and the CCDR have been involved in poor governance of the application of due construction process and the allocation of public subsidies.  Radisson are offering double your money investment <a href="http://www.radissonblu.com/resort-spa-portimao">http://www.radissonblu.com/resort-spa-portimao</a> Yet during construction phase an

	conservation and social	A regional airport is now planned to	entire apartment block has tilted
	improvement policies, and in	accompany the track.	owing poor foundation preparation in
	particular contradicts with	It continues to displace local people from	the rush to get the investment return.
	Turismo do Portugals' own	their traditional land by adding to the	
	alleged 'carbon-neutral	Algarve's inflated foreign-owned luxury	
	operations' statement.	housing market.	
How does the action/project/activity effect cultural heritage and have other potential sociocultural impacts?	This project undermines the portrayal of the idyllic Algarve hinterland and its rich local patrimony, and its reputation as a refuge from the busyness of urban living.		
	The track encourages the culture of speeding, drinking, and gambling in a country which has high road mortality and alcoholism problems.		
	It also creates a class of youth who aspire to the high life style luxury role models, who abandon their own culture, yet who do not have the means to truly participate in the illusion that is created by luxury sports tourism.		
How does the action/project/activity	The Association for the Defence of Portimao environment has	The potential for genuine ecotourism in this part of the Algarve hinterland in the 10km	
effect the environment and have other potential	been formed to address the noise impacts and future	noise radius of the track has been severely damaged.	
environmental impacts.	developments. It is their		
	independent noise study which		
	shows violation of noise levels.	infrastructure development required by the	
	Seehttp://againstnoise.blogspot.c	preceding environmental impact	

om/2009/11/facts.html	assessment, namely in the forms of noise reduction design of the track itself, and construction of two 7-10 meter high 500-800 metre long sound wall barriers.	
	The project is highly damaging to the habitat of the Iberian Lynx. Not only is there a high visual footprint of the track, but also the motor way link fragments one the lynx's ecosystem corridors.  The racetrack business is dependent on irresponsible use of scarce resources, ie oil/petrol, and has a massive carbon footprint. In the post-Copenhagen climate change, these types of business do not contribute to the mosaic of sustainable development.	

### 13. GOOD GOVERNANCE QUESTIONS

13a Can you establish economic, environmental or social drivers and underlying causes of this situation? (If you are familiar with the Driving Force, Pressure, State, Impact, response (DPSIR) model, please apply)

This type of development can be seen as art of the globalisation of the sector, where local investors use international concepts and attract large amounts of capital to execute large-scale projects.

# 13B CAN YOU DESCRIBE THE GOVERNANCE CHAIN AND FINANCING PROCESSES BEHIND THE ACTIVITY? (STATE OBJECTIVES AND

#### ACTIONS ESTABLISHED AT A NUMBER OF ADMINISTRATIVE LEVELS AND DEPARTMENTS)

The supervision of financing and building of the track have involved several different departments of the local council of Portimao, the regional and national state departments. Both local and regional state administrations are complicit in facilitating the poor conception, design, implementation and operation of this project. At the national level, the project has received special support despite the projects contradictions to the nationally undertaken biodiversity conservation commitments. ICNB has played a very weak role in stating the case for conservation in both the environmental impact analysis phases and the protection of REN land for networking Natura 200 habitat sites in the Algarve. Turismo de Portugal have tried to market the track to boost the country's international reputation as a leader in luxury power sports, yet also professes to be working toward carbon-neutral operations itself. The EU Tourism Unit

was made aware of the case when it held the 2007 European Tourism Forum here, but has no mechanism to intervene, which can also be said of DG Environment, who did contact the national government on its poor EIA processes related to tourism, yet has not acted to stop this development.

# 13C CAN YOU DESCRIBE THE POLICY CONTEXT OR PROVIDE AN OVERVIEW OF EXISTING GOVERNANCE MEASURES ON THIS ISSUE? (STATE POLICY OBJECTIVES THAT CORRESPOND TO THE PROBLEM/ROOT CAUSES OR SOLUTIONS)

The UN CBD and this specific species conservation stated in the IUCN red list provide an overview of why such a development should not be allowed to have taken place in this region. Natura 2000, the regional sustainability plans and the tourism sustainability policies of the EC should govern such land use developments.

Portugal has its own National Biodiversity Action Plan which does not accord enough resources to this area, preferring to give its economic development strategy preference. Regional and local governance is controlled by local vested interests working for their own ends rather than for species conservation and habitat management.

#### 13D ARE YOU AWARE OF DIFFERENT SITUATIONS ACCORDING TO EUROPEAN OR UN MEMBER STATES?

Wales in the UK have turned similar wilderness areas into high revenue eco-tourism destinations. Spain has far better integrated lynx protection plan. California, which shares similar eco-system characteristics, offers example of highly innovative regional sustainability solutions.

## 13E HOW CAN THIS PROJECT/ACTIVITY BE IMPROVED?

The race track can be redesigned to be operated at lower noise levels.

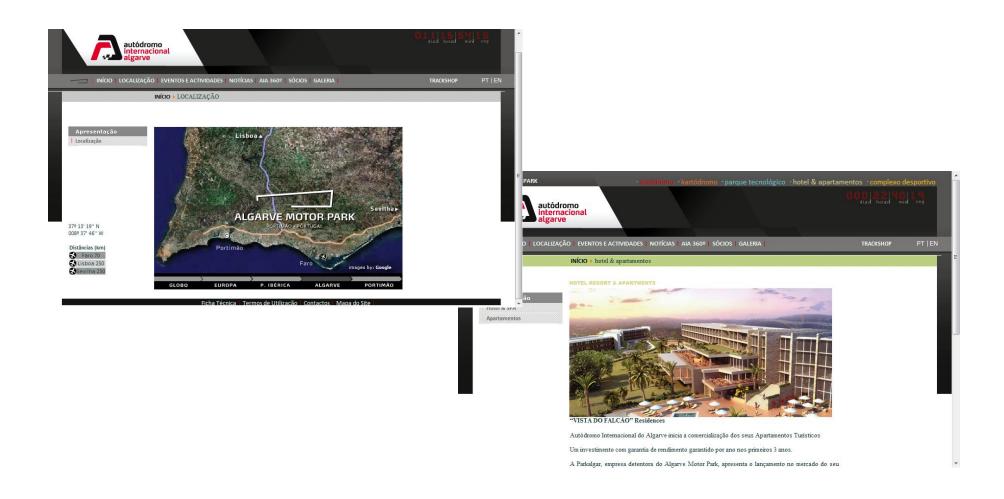
The long term phasing out of petrol-based motor sports and phasing in of innovative alternative green developments should be planned.

Regional airport development should be abandoned.

# 13F WHAT OTHER DEVELOPMENT OPTIONS/ALTERNATIVE WERE POSSIBLE? (COMPARE THE OPTIONS, WEIGHING-UP POSITIVE/ NEGATIVE IMPACTS AND EFFECTIVENESS OF PREFERRED OPTION IN ACHIEVING OBJECTIVES)

The area should have been made part of the Natura 2000 networked areas, marketed under a mark such as *Terras do Lince*, following true ecosystem restoration and adaptation work according the *Monchique Biopark Network* and low density tourism plans suited to the area.

## 14. SUBMIT IMAGES RELATED TO REPORTED ISSUE HERE:





Algarve International Race Track as seen from Monchique Natura 2000 Zone.

Thank you for providing this information.

You will now need to email this form to vestas@destinet.eu, copied to Gordon.destinet@ecotrans.de. We will then publish it in the DestiNet Portal.

End of Form.

